

Section 16402

UNDERGROUND DUCT BANKS

PART 1 GENERAL

1.01 SECTION INCLUDES

- A. Underground electrical duct banks.

1.02 REFERENCES

- A. National Fire Protection Association (NFPA): No. 70 - National Electrical Code (NEC) Appendix B.

1.03 SUBMITTALS

- A. Catalog cut sheets of the ducts and spacers.

1.04 DELIVERY, STORAGE AND HANDLING

- A. Have duct spacers and associated hardware packed and crated to avoid damage during shipment and handling.
- B. Clearly mark packages or crates stating that the material is for electrical duct banks only.

PART 2 PRODUCTS

2.01 ACCEPTABLE MANUFACTURERS

- A. Thomas and Betts.
- B. Underground Devices Inc.
- C. Walker Division, Butler Manufacturing Company.

2.02 MATERIALS AND EQUIPMENT

- A. Conduit. Construct ducts using schedule 80 rigid PVC conduit. Refer to Section 16111 - Conduit, Fittings and Bodies.
- B. Spacers. Secure conduit with non-magnetic, universal, interlocking-type spacers for both horizontal and vertical duct arrangements.

- C. Concrete. Use steel reinforced, red concrete as duct encasement. Refer to Section 03100 Concrete Formwork.

PART 3 EXECUTION

3.01 PREPARATION

- A. Verify from Drawings and field survey that the location of ductbanks does not interfere with any existing or new underground facilities.
- B. Verify that materials are on site in proper condition and that sufficient quantity is on hand for the work.
- C. Verify that trenches are in the correct places and prepared with sufficient depth and width to accommodate the duct banks, reinforcing rod, and concrete.
- D. Be prepared for inspection of the duct banks before reinforcing rod is installed.
- E. Before pouring concrete, verify that the ducts are free of debris and properly installed in the support and spacer systems and that the ducts are properly fitted together and firmly held in place by the hold down hardware.
- F. Provide 24-hour notice to Owner's Representative and the Local Code Inspector for cover-up inspection before pouring electrical conduit ductbanks.

3.02 INSTALLATION

- A. Use the size and types of conduit as indicated on the Drawings for the various duct banks required for the project.
- B. Make duct bank installations and penetrations through foundation walls watertight.
- C. Assemble duct banks using non-magnetic saddles, spacers and separators. Position separators to provide 2-inch minimum concrete separation between the outer surfaces of the conduits.
- D. Provide a 3-inch minimum concrete covering on both sides, top and bottom of concrete envelopes around conduits. Add red dye at the rate of 10 pounds per cubic yard to concrete used for envelopes for easy identification during subsequent excavation.
- E. Firmly fix ducts in place during pouring of concrete. Carefully spade and vibrate the concrete to ensure filling of spaces between ducts.
- F. Make bends with sweeps of radius not less than 6 times the smallest diameter of the raceway.
- G. Make a transition from non-metallic to pvc-coated metallic rigid conduit where duct banks enter structures or turn upward for continuation above grade.

- H. Make bends of 30 degrees or more using rigid galvanized steel.
- I. Reinforce duct banks throughout, where indicated on the Drawings.
 - 1. Unless otherwise noted on the Drawings, reinforce with No. 5 longitudinal steel bars placed at each corner and along each face at a maximum parallel spacing of 12 inches on centers, and No. 5 tie-bars transversely placed at 18-inch maximum longitudinal intervals.
 - 2. Maintain a maximum clearance of 2 inches from bars to the edge of the concrete encasement.
- J. Where ducts enter structures such as handholes, manholes, pullboxes, or buildings, terminate the ducts in suitable end bells, insulated L-bushings, Meyers hubs or couplings on steel conduits. Tag conduit entering pull boxes with stamped, stainless steel tags. Identify as designated in cable and conduit schedule.
- K. Do not backfill with material containing large rock, paving materials, cinders, large or sharply angular substances, corrosive material, or other materials which can damage or contribute to corrosion of ducts or prevent adequate compaction of fill.
- L. Install a bare stranded copper duct bank ground in each duct bank envelope. Make ground electrically continuous throughout the entire duct bank system. Connect ground to switchgear and MCC ground buses and to steel conduit extensions of the underground duct system.
- M. After completion of the duct bank and prior to pulling cable, pull a mandrel, not less than 12 inches long and with a cross section approximately one-fourth inch less than the inside cross section of the duct, through each duct. Then pull a rag swab or sponge through to remove any particles of earth, sand or gravel that may have been left in the duct. Repull the rag or sponge swab until the swab emerges clean.
- N. Use hemp rope to pull conductors into PVC conduit. Do not use nylon or wire cable for this purpose.
- O. Install a warning ribbon approximately 12 inches below finished grade over underground duct banks. Refer to Section 16195 - Electrical Identification.
- P. For manholes and pull boxes below grade, install wire racks to support cables properly around the perimeter and keep them dry.
- Q. For manholes and pull boxes below grade, construct a French drain, or other drainage.

END OF SECTION